## *Erratum* KCNN4 induces multiple chemoresistance in breast cancer by regulating BCL2A1: Am J Cancer Res. 2020; 10(10): 3302-3315

Peiyang Lin<sup>1,2\*</sup>, Junjing Li<sup>2\*</sup>, Fugui Ye<sup>1\*</sup>, Wenfen Fu<sup>2</sup>, Xin Hu<sup>1,4</sup>, Zhiming Shao<sup>1,3,4</sup>, Chuangui Song<sup>2</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Key Laboratory of Breast Cancer in Shanghai, Department of Breast Surgery, Fudan University Shanghai Cancer Center, Shanghai, China;<sup>2</sup>Department of Breast Surgery, Fujian Medical University Union Hospital, Fuzhou, China; <sup>3</sup>Institutes of Biomedical Science, Fudan University, Shanghai, China; <sup>4</sup>Precision Cancer Medicine Center, Fudan University Shanghai Cancer Center, Shanghai, China. <sup>\*</sup>Equal contributors.

Received November 10, 2020; Accepted December 4, 2020; Epub February 1, 2021; Published February 15, 2021

In this published paper, we found a small error that the labels of 'Low' and 'High' in **Figure 6A**, **6B** were wrong. Therefore, we would like to submit this formal Erratum to request for a correction.

Address correspondence to: Chuangui Song, Department of Breast Surgery, Fujian Medical Uni-

versity Union Hospital, 29 Xin-Quan Road, Fuzhou 350001, China. Tel: +86-13365910993; E-mail: songchuangui@yahoo.com; Xin Hu, Key Laboratory of Breast Cancer in Shanghai, Fudan University Shanghai Cancer Center, 270 Dong-An Road, Shanghai 200032, China. Tel: +86-021-64175590 (83423); E-mail: xinhu@fudan.edu.cn



**Figure 6.** KCNN4 and BCL2A1 indicated a poor prognosis in breast cancer. A, B. Kaplan-Meier analysis of the relationship between KCNN4 or BCL2A1 and RFS using the Kaplan-Meier plotter database of breast cancer. C. A model depicting the role of KCNN4 upregulation in modulating breast cancer cell response to chemotherapy. In Kaplan-Meier plots, the *P* values refer to log-rank test results.