

Erratum

CKAP2 promotes cervical cancer progression by modulating the tumor microenvironment via NF- κ B signaling: Am J Cancer Res. 2023; 13(6): 2376-2391

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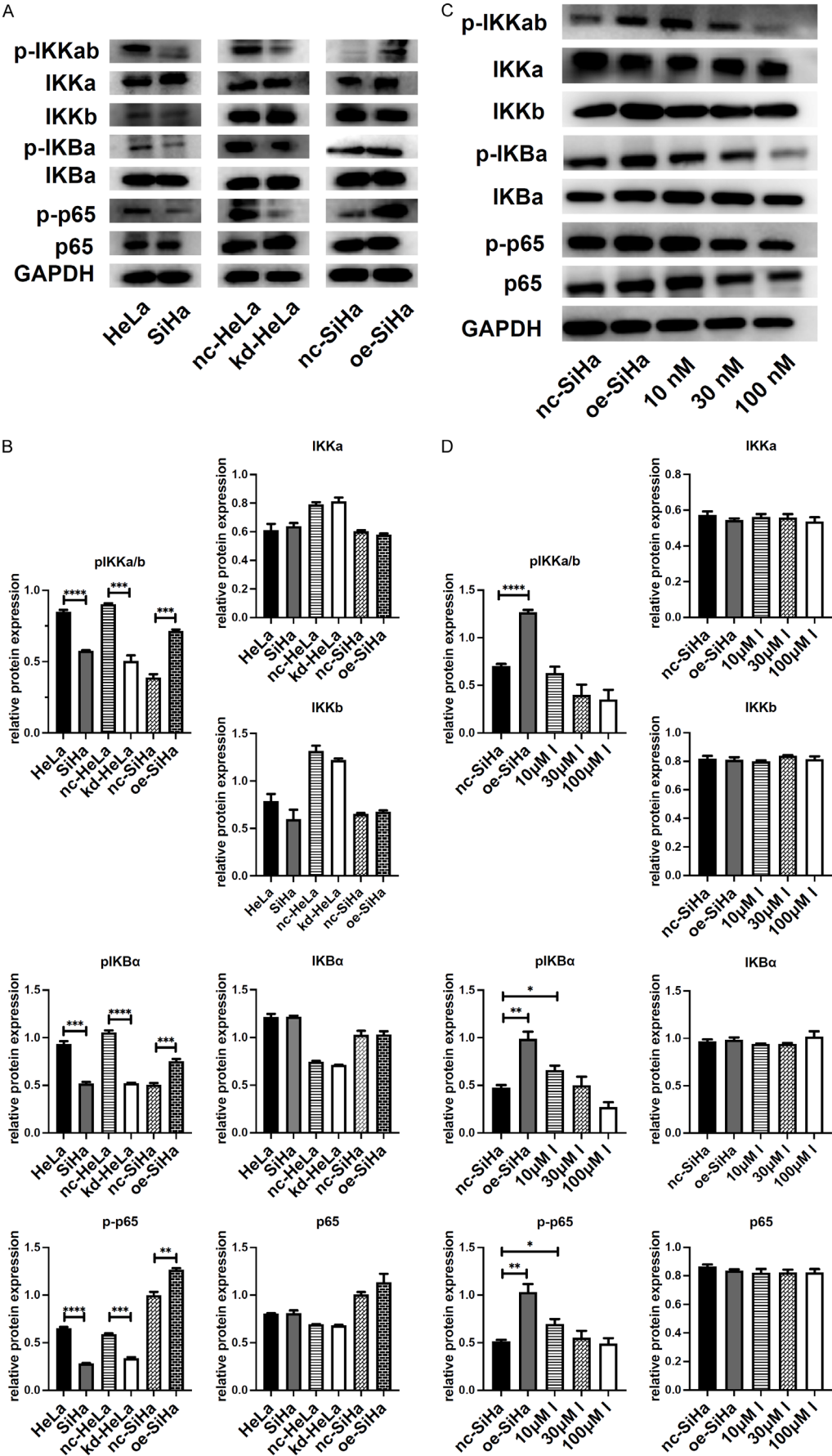
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In the published paper, an error was introduced into the I κ B α panel of **Figure 4A** during figure assembly. Specifically, the image segment corresponding to the nc-SiHa and oe-SiHa lanes was inadvertently inserted in place of the HeLa and SiHa lanes, and the authentic HeLa/SiHa bands were therefore not included in the published composite image.

The corrected **Figure 4** is provided below. The authors confirm that this correction does not affect the results, interpretation, or overall conclusions of the study.

All authors have reviewed and approved this correction. We apologize to the Editor and the readership for the error and any confusion it may have caused.

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CKAP2 promotes cervical cancer progression

Figure 4. CKAP2 affects cervical cancer cell cytokine secretion and activates NF- κ B signaling in CC. A. The WB image of the NF- κ B signaling-associated markers, p65, IKK α / β and I κ B α and their phosphorylation levels in HeLa, SiHa, nc-HeLa, kd-HeLa, nc-SiHa and oe-SiHa cells. B. WB image of the NF- κ B signaling-associated markers, p65, IKK α / β and I κ B α and their phosphorylation levels in nc-SiHa, oe-SiHa, and oe-SiHa cells treated with 10 nM JSH-23 inhibitor, oe-SiHa cells treated with 30 nM JSH-23 inhibitor and oe-SiHa cells treated with 100 nM JSH-23 inhibitor. C. Quantification of the NF- κ B signaling-associated markers, p65, IKK α / β and I κ B α and their phosphorylation levels in HeLa, SiHa, nc-HeLa, kd-HeLa, nc-SiHa and oe-SiHa cells. D. Quantification of the NF- κ B signaling-associated markers, p65, IKK α / β and I κ B α and their phosphorylation levels in nc-SiHa, oe-SiHa, and oe-SiHa cells treated with 10 nM JSH-23 inhibitor, oe-SiHa cells treated with 30 nM JSH-23 inhibitor and oe-SiHa cells treated with 100 nM JSH-23 inhibitor.